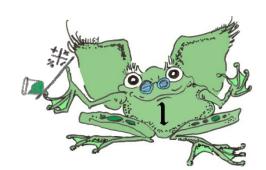
# **MiSP Chemical Reactions Concentration Lab L1**

Name	Date
	oncentration and Rate of Reaction Activity
Introduction:	
produces carbon dioxide. When the canister is used in this lab), the gas the chemical reaction, the faster the shorter the time until the lid pops.	- Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> ) in an acid solution like vinegar the reaction occurs in a closed container (a film pressure builds up until the lid "pops." The faster the carbon dioxide gas pressure builds up, and the In other words, if two reactions in film canisters in the shortest time is the one with the fastest rate
Problem:	
How does concentration affect the	e time of (and the rate of) a chemical reaction?
Hypothesis (complete sentence below):	
If concentration affects the rate of a ch	nemical reaction, then increasing the concentration
of vinegar will cause the baking soda re	eaction to
Safety notes: GOGGLES SHOULD BE chemicals should be followed.	E WORN. All precautions for safe handling of



### **Materials:**

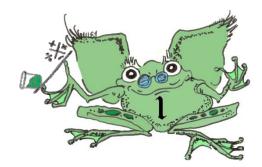
- 1 timer
- 1 film canister with cap
- 1 25 ml, 50 ml, or 100 ml graduated cylinder
- 1 tray
- 1 waste beaker

#### **Chemicals:**

- Sodium bicarbonate (baking soda)
- Stock solutions of 75% distilled white vinegar, 50%, and 25%

## **Procedures:**

Do your w	ork on the tray to help control spills. Check off each step as you complete it.
	1. Measure 0.3 g of sodium bicarbonate/baking soda in a dry film canister.
	2. Measure and add 10 ml of 75% white vinegar to the film canister, quickly cap the canister, and begin timing the reaction. Stop timing when the lid of the film canister pops off. Record the time in seconds. Dispose of the used solution in the canister in your waste beaker (or sink). Rinse and thoroughly dry the film canister.
	3. Repeat this procedure with 50% white vinegar.
	4. Repeat this procedure with 25% white vinegar.
	5. Give your data to your teacher and determine a class average for each
	temperature.



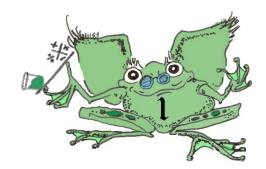
### **Record Your data here:**

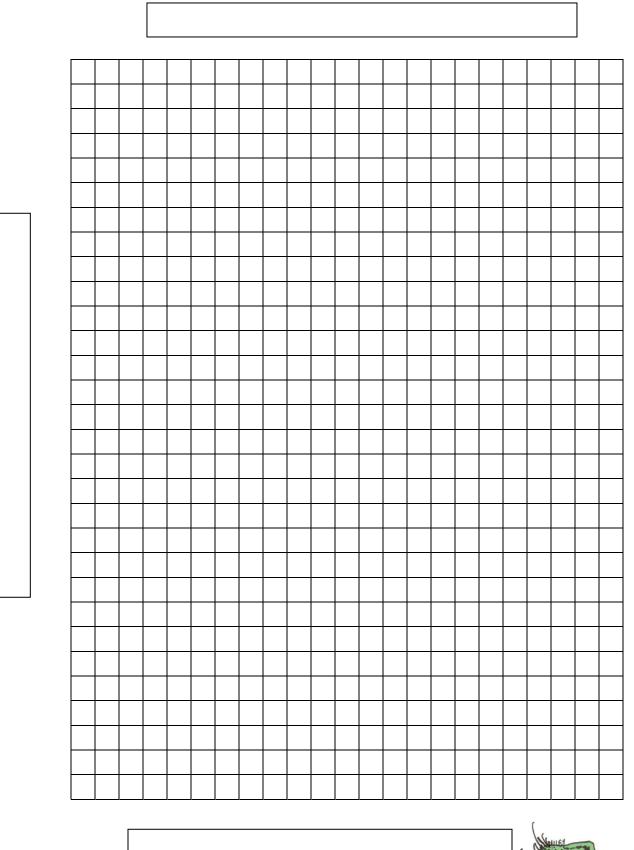
Vinegar Concentration	Lab Group Data	Class Average
	Time (seconds) until the lid	Time (seconds) until the
	pops	lid pops
75%		
50%		
25%		

## Graph your data:

Graph the data on the next page.

- Label the *x*-axis.
- Label the *y*-axis.
- Draw a best-fit line.





#### **Discussion Questions:**

1.	Which concentration of distilled white vinegar caused the fastest reaction (the lid popped off in the shortest time)?
2.	Suggest a reason based on chemistry for your answer in #1.

- 3. Use the graph to predict the number of seconds for the lid to pop off using the following concentrations of distilled white vinegar:
  - a. 10% \_\_\_\_\_
  - b. 60%
  - c. 100%

#### **Conclusion:**

Review your data and write a conclusion statement by completing this sentence:

As the concentration of a substance in a chemical reaction increases, the rate of reaction

