Hong Kong: Currency Stability & Recovery Prospects

By

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Background

 Hong Kong dollar is linked to the US dollar at US\$1 = HK\$7.8 since October 1983.
 The issuance of all HK\$ bank notes have been supported by US\$ reserves.

Why the linked exchange rate regime is the best for Hong Kong:

- HK: small and open economy (total external trade value is 2 1/2 times that of its GDP and the daily capital inflow and outflow is again huge relative to the size of the economy)
- Link: equivalent to an anchor or monetary rule with an external indicator (i.e. US\$) which is easily understood by all walks of people.

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Essential attributes which make HK a successful example of an economy doing well under a linked exchange rate system:

- Flexible cost/price structure
- Strong banking sector to cope with interest rate volatility
- Ample and sufficient foreign exchange reserves
- Government observing strict fiscal discipline

Measures to strengthen Currency Board Arrangements in September 98

- Convertibility Undertaking
- Provision of day-end liquidity through Discount Window

Convertibility Undertaking

Objective

• Clear demonstration of Hong Kong's unwavering commitment to the linked exchange rate system

Provision of Liquidity through <u>Discount Window</u>

Objective

- Giving banks greater assurance of their access to day end liquidity through the use of Exchange Fund papers (which are fully backed by foreign exchange reserves) for repo with HKMA
- Dampen excessive interest rate volatility

• Continuing and steady growth in China at high single digit will benefit Hong Kong's real sector.

- Monetary sector link to the US because of our currency link to the US\$ - our recent measures of further strengthening and purifying the Currency Board Arrangements have further increased the confidence of the financial sector and the HK people in our monetary sector
- ⇒ more stable and lower interest rate environment

• Interest rate outlook in the US - Monetary policy in the US has so far been accommodative.

- Stock market Hong Kong is a financial center with a high degree of affluence and very substantial savings among the people in Hong Kong.
- ⇒Once the sentiment of the investors, both local and overseas, changed for the better, there has been very substantial rebound in the stock market as in the past few months.

- Property market: land scarcity (limited supply) and HK, in the context of China, is like Manhattan in the context of US (strong potential demand).
- Property prices in Hong Kong command a premium over property prices elsewhere.